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## SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

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While the Worker Sleeps,  
HIS LIBERTIES ARE VANISHING!

**E**TERNAL Vigilance is the Price of Liberty. This maxim was good in 1776. It is equally good today. Let the working class take heed. In recent years a good deal of indignation has been expressed at the disfranchisement of negroes at the South. A good deal of Northern indignation has been put in type, not so much by the working class, for that class has had its nose too close to the bread and butter grindstone to have much thought for political right and the principles of liberty, but the cry has been largely from Republican editors, who while secretly despising the negro as a social inferior, have nevertheless waxed virtuously indignant because the loss of negro votes injured the chances of the big party of capitalism getting political control in the Southern states.

These editors have complained of the truly abominable disfranchisement laws in such states as Louisiana, for instance, where no one not owning several hundred dollars' worth of property can exercise the right of citizenship at the polls.

How depraved is the sense of justice in the unspeakable South! of course.

But—just a moment—How about the rest of the country! While the worker has been sleeping what has been going on in both North and South?

The ruling classes of the South enacted the property qualification laws to keep negroes from getting political preferment, to thwart the right of majority rule in the black districts. From the same motives—that of protecting class rule and the great system of capitalist governmental graft—the capitalists have been disfranchising white as well as black members of the proletariat all over the country, just as fast as a pretext could be found for so doing.

While the worker sleeps his liberties are being stolen from him. While he sleeps capitalism is cautiously clipping his dangerous power of preponderating strength at the polls. It will grow bolder as he shows signs of appreciating his strength in that direction.

Look at the situation thus far: In Maine the workingman who has made others rich by his labor and toiled himself into poverty, ceases to be a citizen and is denied the ballot. In New Hampshire the wage slave who loses his grip in the economic struggle loses his vote. In Rhode Island the same, and there is a law that gives citizenship a year sooner to the man who owns property. In Delaware the propertyless proletarian who has been forced to accept help from others cannot vote. In Vermont "those who have not obtained the approbation of the board of civil authority of the town in which they reside" cannot vote. In Missouri the wage slave who has been hounded to defeat by blood-sucking capitalism and who accepts state help in almshouse or asylum has his vote taken away. In Arkansas when a man becomes so poor he cannot pay his poll tax he loses his citizenship. In West Virginia, after Davis and Elkins and the rest of the capitalists have perverted them, the workers lose the right to vote. In New Jersey, Massachusetts, Texas and other states the same disfranchisement takes place. Let the workingman sing "My country, 'tis of Thee!"

All this is bad enough, but a more dangerous condition still remains to be described.

In Wisconsin and many other northern states there are scores of counties and towns where the right to hold office is denied to all who do not own real estate. Think of it! And this sort of thing has been in operation for years and unnoticed because the sleepy workers have always allowed themselves to be represented in official life by members of the ruling class.

It is even told of a man elected mayor of a Wisconsin town, that his investments being in bonds, he was not permitted to take his seat until he had purchased a piece of real estate—which in this case, would you believe it? turned out to be a lot in a cemetery! This happened in the city of Whitewater, Wis.

The right of citizenship presupposes the right to a voice in the government and the right to officially represent political ideas and interests. How quick the capitalist courts would be to thunder at this outrage on our American institutions if the boot were on the other foot!

But they are silent. They are afraid they may wake up the sleepers!

So under the beneficent workings of the capitalist system the hapless worker's reward for his industry is loss of citizenship—when he has been sufficiently plucked!

Let the sleeper awake and fight for his rights!

Don't neglect an opportunity to make a convert!

Distorted and dwarfed as some of our natures may have become under the had environment and the crushing temptations of the capitalist system of selfish grab, there is still in every breast a longing for a state of society founded on the live and let live principle, the principle of brotherly love and mutual helpfulness. Some may have been spoiled to the point of entire loss of moral feeling, but compared to the great body of mankind, these are too few to affect the count. Socialism cannot come too soon for the good of the world, provided it comes properly.

Debs continues to delight great audiences all over the country and the results are much greater, undoubtedly, than even we of the present can guess at. People who may hear him today and even scoff at his words may yet go away with a little heaven of his philosophy in their heads and later on be surprised to find themselves gradually changing their view point. The best Socialists we can have are those who at first oppose us, for their conversion becomes thereby the more real and complete. An opponent today may become a zealot tomorrow.

We must confess to a not very great uneasiness when it is claimed that the capitalist parties may "steal our thunder." Perhaps if we took the narrow view that Socialism would have to come through the increase of misery on the part of the people, we might be worried. But we do not take that narrow, out-of-date view. We believe that Socialism will come through the gradual improvement of the workers through which they will increase their powers of resistance and be able to maintain their ground as the fight wages hot, our "thunder," that is, our working program, is made up of the proposed progressive steps we must take to bring on the co-operative system. If capitalism steals any of this, why need we regret it? In its bewildered effort to stop our progress it will only be helping us to blaze the way.

It was stated authoritatively that early next week the Employers' Association would make up a black list of all teamsters who have gone out on strike. These men, 4,300 in all, will be notified that they can come back to work any time during the week, but that if they have not returned by the end of next week they will never be reinstated under any circumstances. The black list program is said to be more complete than that which was followed during the A. R. U. strike in 1894.

The above news despatch is brutally frank about the blacklisting that is resorted to by the capitalists. Blacklisting is against the law, but the capitalists can resort to it with impunity for they control the courts and the police power.

The Wisconsin legislature added another black mark against its name last week by killing Socialist Assemblyman Streblow's bill to allow Milwaukee to maintain a municipal ice house, for the sake of the unemployed and to enable to people of the city to escape from the extortions of the ice combine, which operates against the public health by keeping ice beyond the reach of large numbers of working people. So far as the interests of the working class are concerned the present reform legislature is a wonder!

## And Still that Linotype Fund Increases!

**THE RETURNS** up to date for the Printing Plant Fund indicate that our comrades and friends generally fully appreciate the value of a paper devoted to the interests of the working class. Two more organizations have given substantial expression to this appreciation during the past week. Beer Bottlers' Union comes in with a voluntary donation of \$25.00, and the Viola Club, made up largely of Town of Lake and 17th ward comrades in Milwaukee, also donates \$10.00, without personal solicitation. This should serve as an incentive to other organizations to do likewise. While we have a committee of work engaged in soliciting subscriptions from local branches and unions, we would call attention to the vast amount of work entailed in visiting all these organizations, and therefore ask members generally to co-operate with the committee by bringing the matter before their organizations at once. If you desire the presence of a member of the committee to outline the plan at a meeting of your organization, communicate with headquarters, and a speaker will be sent you if it is at all possible.

The individual subscriptions are also coming in quite lively, and all in all the outlook is very encouraging.

There is urgent necessity for a Socialist daily paper in Milwaukee, as all the forces of the opposition are centered here, which is an indication that the capitalists already recognize the fact that if they wish to give the Socialist movement a body-blow they must concentrate their efforts on a national attempt to disrupt the organization in Wisconsin.

A printing plant of our own will be a splendid nucleus for the establishment of a Socialist daily, and all who desire the realization of this aim, should do all in their power toward the accomplishment of this important step.

On the next page will be found subscription blanks. Cut out one of them and go to work right away. A glance at the following list of subscriptions will show that we are making substantial progress toward raising the \$2,300 necessary for the first investment. If your name has not yet appeared as a subscriber, see that it appears in the next issue. If each will do his share, the raising of this fund will not prove a burden to anyone. Help all you can, and DO IT NOW!

Previously reported	\$190.75
F. Cederholm	.25
Thos. Buckman	1.00
H. W.	1.00
J. Danham	1.00
J. K.	.50
J. Burnett & Son	5.00
F. S.	.50
Mr. L.	.50
Viola Club	10.00
Beer Bottlers' Union	25.00
E. L. Danham	1.00
E. Seidel	5.00
18th Ward Branch	15.00
J. R. Brockhausen, Jr.	.25
C. C. Brockhausen	1.50
Wm. E. Brockhausen	.25
C. Brockhausen	.25
Frank Kocka	.25
J. Keenan	.25
A. Ambelang	.25
S. Kausty	.25
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$290.25</b>

## What is Social-Democracy?

"Whereas industry is at present carried on by private capitalists served by wage labor, it must be in the future conducted by associated or co-operative workmen jointly owning the means of production."—Prof. Kirkup.

"Our aim... is to obtain for the whole community complete ownership and control of the means of production and distribution and transportation. We seek to put an end to the wage system, to sweep away all distinctions of class and to inaugurate the co-operative commonwealth."

"Socialism is that contemplated system of industrial society which proposes the abolition of private property in the great material instruments of production, and the substitution thereof of collective property, and advocates the collective management of production, together with the distribution of social income by society, and private property in the larger proportion of this social income."—Prof. Ely.

The anniversary edition of the *Labor's Voice* (Muscatine, Ia.), lies before us. It is filled with portraits of capitalist politicians—in other words, the space in this "Labor" paper has been sold to them in order to give them a good name among the working class voters. Such a paper is not a true representative of working class interests. A Labor editor who would sell out the good word of his paper to professional politicians would doubtless sell out the Labor movement whenever he got the chance. Such treachery should be rebuked.

The two following newspaper despatches tell their story. Capitalistic corporations are willing enough to spend thousands of dollars to protect their graft on the people:

Albany, N. Y., May 8.—Gov. Higgins is determined to have a searching investigation made of reports of wholesale bribery in connection with the defeat of the bill of the Stevens committee fixing the price of gas in New York city at 80 cents a thousand feet.

Fifty and hundred dollar bills are as common about Albany as silver quarters are in a southern town about cotton picking time.

It is said that it cost the syndicate not less than \$600,000 to defeat the Stevens bill and according to current talk among politicians and lobbyists the price for a single vote on any measure had been raised during the struggle to sixty thousand. According to tradition the highest price hitherto has been in the neighborhood of \$10,000.

It is said that an investigation will be brought up before the extra session of the legislature, which is to be called by the governor in a few days.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Members of the legislative committee probing the gas and electric light companies of New York were astounded when it was shown that, while the production of electricity averages a cost of 4.62 cents per kilowatt hour, it is sold to the consumer for 15 cents per kilowatt hour. The Edison Electric Illuminating Co. in 1900 earned 19 per cent. Earnings for the first four months of 1901 were 10 and 6-10 per cent.

It is due our readers to state that the second installment of Comrade Lucian Sanial's answer to Comrade Ashplant of Canada on the "Question in Marx," has been put over to next week, as Comrade Sanial's home in Long Island has been undergoing a Spring housecleaning and painting and he says his study has been so upset that it was impossible for him to prepare the copy. We are sure our readers are willing to wait a week for so valuable a setting forth as he gives to the question.

Oh, no, there's no class struggle—no class hatred among the rich! Said Levy Mayer, big Chicago merchant, to Pres. Shea, at a conference over the teamsters' strike in Chicago: "We will put some of you where we put Debs!" and he meant every word of it, too. Debs didn't stay "put," we may, however, observe!

Word comes of the death at Butte, Mont., of Martin J. Elliott, one of the leaders of the old American Railway Union and the big Chicago strike of 1894. He was a member of the executive board and was one of those who went to Woodstock jail at the mandate of a corrupt judiciary. He was of the stuff of which heroes are made and never flinched in the hour of trial.

Capitalist party government, whether Republican capitalist government or Democratic capitalist government, means no government so far as the interests of the people who toil are concerned. Betrayal of the voter is the unwritten motto of every capitalist party administration. It is clearly one of the inevitables of the capitalist system. The capitalists elect part of their crowd to hold the offices and to make the laws. Then the crowd that is in runs things to help those outside. Philadelphia furnishes the latest flagrant case. Here it was that the city under control of the Republican politicians has just done in the case of its gas works:

The city surrenders the present lease, which yields \$650,000 a year now; would yield a rapidly increasing sum each year, and a total of more than \$80,000,000 by 1927. NOT A DOLLAR MORE OF INCOME WILL THE CITY RECEIVE.

The city surrenders the right it now holds to buy back the gas plant in 1907, by payment of the cost of improvements and extensions.

The city surrenders the right to take back the plant complete, in 1927, FREE OF ALL COST.

The United Gas Improvement Company gets a SEVENTY-FIVE YEAR LEASE FREE OF CHARGE, its paltry payment of \$25,000,000 not being equal to the city's guaranteed income from the gas works during the remaining years of the present lease.

Philadelphia residents are robbed of the right to have cheaper gas—the present lease would gradually reduce the price to 75 cents per thousand cubic feet—and will be COMPELLED to pay \$1 rate until 1927, and 90 cents thereafter until 1980.

The same thing happens wherever the capitalist parties get a strong enough grip on the situation. Look at Tammany's control of New York, look at the crookedness in the Milwaukee city council—and so on. Nominally the cities do these things. But this is not actually true. The citizens have nothing to do with it, except to allow by their votes the capitalist pirates to get aboard the ship of state for the purpose of scuttling it. The "city" in all such instances is simply a gang of thieves organized for purposes of loot. It is easier to be a crook officially than one outside the protection of law.

Regarding the Wisconsin case we are reminded of the story of the woman who told the ancient despot, Philip, that she would appeal. "And to whom?" he coolly asked. "I will appeal from Philip drunk to Philip sober," she replied.

Kaustsky has written an article dealing with the differences among the Russian Socialists, holding that they arise naturally and that the Social-Democrats cannot be blamed for them.

## The American Movement.

By EUGENE V. DEBS.

**T**HE twentieth century, according to the prophecy of Victor Hugo, is to be the century of humanity.

In all the procession of the centuries gone, not one was for humanity. From the very first tyranny has flourished, freedom has failed; the few have ruled, the many have served; the parasite has worn the purple of power, while honest industry has lived in poverty and died in despair.

But the eternal years, the centuries yet to come, are for humanity, and out of the misery of the past will rise the civilization of the future.

The nineteenth century evolved the liberating and humanizing movement; the twentieth century will doubtless witness its culmination in the crash of despotisms and the rise of world-wide democracy, freedom and brotherhood.

It was in exile, in 1864, that Hugo wrote:

"The transformation of the crowd into the people,—profound task! It is to this labor that the men called Socialists have devoted themselves during the last forty years. The author of this book, however insignificant he may be, is one of the oldest in this labor. If he claims his place among these philosophers, it is because it is a place of persecution. A certain hatred of Socialism, very blind, but very general, has raged for fifteen or sixteen years, and is still raging most bitterly among the influential classes. Let it not be forgotten that true Socialism has for its end the elevation of the masses to the civic dignity, and that, therefore, the principal care is for moral and intellectual cultivation."

If, as we are quite ready to believe, the twentieth century realizes the prophecy of the French poet and "bursts full-blown on the thorny stem of time" as the century of humanity—it will be the denouement of the Socialist agitation that began in the preceding century—the fruition of the international Socialist movement.

The immortal shibboleth of Marx: "Workingmen of all countries unite! You have nothing to lose but your chains—you have a world to gain!" is the rallying cry of the class struggle, the inspiration of the working class and is heard echoing and echoing around the world.

Since the election of 1900 there has been greater activity in this country and a more widespread propaganda than ever. In the elections of the past it can scarcely be claimed that the Social-Democratic movement was represented by a national party. It entered those contests with but few states organized and with no resources worth mentioning to sustain it during the campaign.

It is far different today.

The Socialist party is organized in almost every state and territory in the American Union. Its members are filled with enthusiasm and working with an energy born of the throbs and thrills of revolution. The party has a press supporting it that extends from sea to sea and is as vigilant and tireless in its labors as it is steadfast and true to the party principles.

The Socialist party stands upon a sound platform, embodying the principles of International Socialism, clearly and eloquently expressed, and proclaims its mission of contest on the basis of the class struggle. Its tactics are in harmony with its principles, and both are absolutely uncompromising.

Viewed today from any intelligent standpoint the outlook of the Socialist movement is full of promise—to the capitalist, of struggle and conquest; to the worker, of coming freedom.

It is the break of dawn upon the horizon of human destiny and it has no limitations but the walls of the universe.

What party strife or factional turmoil may yet ensue we neither know nor care. We know only that the principles of Socialism are necessary to the emancipation of the working class and to the true happiness of all classes and that its historic mission is that of a conquering movement. We know that day by day, nourished by the misery and vitalized by the aspirations of the working class, the area of its activity widens. It grows in strength and increases its mental and moral grasp, and when the final hour of capitalism and wage slavery strikes, the Socialist movement, the greatest in all history—great enough to embrace the human race—will crown the class struggles of the centuries with victory and proclaim Freedom to all Mankind.

Eugene V. Debs

The throttling clutch of mammon on the churches is nappily not so strong but that a brave preacher here and there can shake it loose and brave capitalist public opinion by coming out boldly for the spirit that pervades Christ's teachings. We publish one such instance this week. A general split along religious lines is not very far off. Capitalism will get absolute control of the Catholic church and to it will fly other sects that stand for capitalistic interests. On the other side will range those who dare stand for brotherly love and good will toward men. All this is the church's own affair, and all we can do is look on.

The postoffice authorities—capitalist politicians—evidently consider this an opportune time to strike, for last week the HERALD came under their ban and as a result our entire edition was held up at the Milwaukee postoffice and we were obliged to rewrap every paper and leave out a certain subscription blank which had been enclosed. It was an arbitrary proceeding throughout, as like incense are enclosed in capitalist dailies deposited for transmission at the Milwaukee postoffice right along, and also it was in direct conflict with a recent ruling of Third Asst. P. M. Gen. Madden (dated April 10), portions of which read as follows:

To all Postmasters: It has been brought to the attention of the Department in a number of cases that publishers of newspapers are printing their publications for mailing with supplements which are manifestly illegal. These alleged supplements consist of: calendars; sheet music; cut-out animal pictures; animal masks; photographs; cut-out dolls, soldiers and naval vessels; circulars; head-bills; special detached advertisements; card-

board spectacles; sheets containing disks of soluble paint to be used in coloring outline drawings, etc., etc. Publishers seem to regard these things as permissible under the following statute:

Postmasters will therefore promptly notify all publishers of newspapers in their respective cities that until September 1, 1905, their publications, even though containing such inclosures, will be accepted at the regular second-class rates. They will, however, advise them that such alleged "supplements" as are herein mentioned do not meet the legal requirements of "mailable matter of the second class," and that on or after September 1, 1905, the legal rate will be charged upon such matter according to its character.

This shows clearly that the local officials exceeded their authority and that their conduct toward us was of the nature of willful persecution, subjecting us to a considerable expense, inasmuch as it required the work of ten persons for an entire day to prepare the papers for remailing without the subscription blanks. The "ruling" at the Milwaukee office was sustained by a certain Capt. Johnson, who enjoys a none too favorable reputation for pomposity and arbitrary conduct. Some months ago the HERALD came into conflict with this inflated gentleman over a decision of his that a certain card appearing on our wrappers was not permissible. "I have been in this department twenty-four years (or thereabout) and have never had any interpretation of the rules overruled by the department," he declared loftily. We took the case to Washington and Johnson was promptly overruled. This time he had us where we could not appeal to Washington without delaying the paper and we had to stand still and let the department rob us.

See that your neighbor gets Socialists' reading matter. Don't neglect this.

We cannot too strongly urge upon our readers the necessity of reading the standard books on Socialism. Reference to our columns will show you what books are to be had, and besides a stamp will bring you our complete catalogue.

Say, Mr. Worker, wouldn't you like to live in a world where your living would be secure provided you contributed a fair amount of labor, and where the roof over your head would be yours for a certainty and secure for the dear ones for whom you love to provide. Wouldn't the serenity of such a life be grand? Better read up on Socialism!

The Labour Leader of London pays a high tribute to Comrade Ghent's "Mass and Class" and says it helps to show that America proposes to work out her Socialism on her own lines and in correspondence with the circumstances of her own land.

One of our author's main themes is the influence of matter on mind, the tyranny of the economic over the ethical. He sees, as we all see, that in our present state of society a man's economic environment inevitably dictates to him a large part of his moral conduct. "Things are in the saddle, and ride mankind," as Emerson put it in his own terse and inimitable way. You may have beautiful appeals to religious idealism in Church and Free Church Congresses; you may have glowing pictures of a time when capitalists shall hold out the hand to labor, and Mr. John Henry may heartily exhort the children in the cotton field not to shirk their work when the

church deacon resumes his business on the Monday, or an eight hour bill for youngsters in the mines comes before the House of Commons, that the cant phrase, "business is business," assumes its away over the Sunday instincts, and the man of business behaves like any other average business man of the same class. "Munchily, weekly, and even semi-weekly," says Mr. Ghent, "the 111,942 clearness of this action hold up to the congregation certain ideals of conduct between man and man, and plead that these be practiced," and they are ably seconded in their exhortations by numbers of public teachers and editors, such as Justice Brewer, Professor Adler, and Presidents Stout, Hadley and Roosevelt. But it is doubtful if any custom or practice more necessary to the individual by economic pressure has ever been given over or sensibly altered by reason of these insistent pleadings." Mr. Ghent is perfectly irresistible as he develops this thesis in the most candid and enlightened fashion.

Times do certainly change. As an indication of the fact of the growth of Social-Democracy in Milwaukee, the annual election of the Typographical union of Milwaukee this week resulted in the reelection of a Socialist president, elected a Socialist vice president, a Socialist secretary-treasurer (Ald. Welch), a Socialist doorkeeper, at least two Socialist members of the executive board, and a Socialist delegate to the Toronto convention, and a Socialist delegate to the Chicago 8-hour conference. The Typographical union was formerly one of the most outspoken opponents of Socialism and at one time withdrew its delegates from the Trades Council because that body had a Socialistic constitution and declaration of principles.

Now is the time to work for So-







## Shudders at the Many Tainted Carnegie Gifts.

A BOSTON DIVINE TELLS A RICH CONGREGATION WHAT SUCH GIFTS REALLY SHOW. CAPITALIST SYSTEM AGAINST TEACHINGS OF JESUS.

"Think of the thousands upon thousands who sweat and toil in the darkness and the grind and the blazing heat of the mines and the furnaces of Pennsylvania for Mr. Carnegie to build libraries out of the result of their toil and to eat his bread in the sweat of other men's faces. For my own part, I'd rather not read books that are paid for in that way."—The Rev. William H. van Allen.

In a sermon delivered last Sunday at the Church of the Advent, Boston, one of the most fashionable houses of worship in that city, the Rev. William H. van Allen, taking for his text John x, 13, "The hireling fleeth because he is a hireling, and careth not for the sheep," preached the following sharp sermon on tainted gifts and the wrongs of labor under the capitalist system:

"I read here Christ's condemnation of the wage system; not that the wage system is wholly bad, but that it never had its place in the evolution of society, that it is not a finality, that we cannot rest content with it, and that we must aspire toward its eventual abolition in an order of society which shall know not hirelings, and where men shall work together for the common good as fellow-heirs of a common inheritance.

"Some of you are thinking, I know—I am getting to know you so well, with your sweet conservatism, mingled with a passionate radicalism that outdoes anything in America—how can we get on without wage-workers? How can any system be devised which will do away with the hiring of other men and the taking by us of the larger share of their earnings for our profit?

"Our Lord did not make an emancipation proclamation. He did not enact that slavery should be done away, but he enunciated principles which, being accepted, made slavery impossible, and slavery has been done away in every Christian land today.

"Now, the wage system is a form of slavery—not such a grievous form as chattel slavery, but slavery none the less truly, for the essence of slavery is that one man becomes the means to the ends of another man. And I say again that our blessed Lord in the gospel of his Good Shepherd Sunday sets the seal of his disapproval upon a system which breeds hirelings, and I am absolutely confident that, as chattel slavery has been done away, so eventually the wage system will disappear."

Man Who Can Live on Least and Work Sets Standard.

"The man who can live on least and do the work sets the standard scale of wages in the work that he is competent to do, and the economist has adduced from this what he calls the iron law of wages, that they tend always to the lowest point upon which the workman can maintain his life and strength sufficient to do the work.

"Think of workingwomen. Some of them support themselves by their labors. Others go out to work to earn pin money, and not being dependent on what they earn for a

livelihood they can afford to work for much less than those who are working for a living. Therefore, they are cheaper for the employer, and they set the standard of wages in their particular line of work. Do you wonder that every year sees, what every year does see, an enormous sacrifice offered by Mammon to Venus, a long procession of those who are unable to support themselves by the wages they can earn, and who therefore turn to that trade, the only one, I think, where novices are better paid than experts?"

"For every case of poverty caused by drunkenness there are a case of drunkenness caused by poverty. We are so afraid of paternalism that we have no old-age insurance. Employers today don't want men over 40 or over 35. White hairs are barriers to a man getting employment as a wage earner in these days. What has the future in store for the young man who is going to be an old man if he lives?"

"President Eliot talks of the 'joy of work.' It is a catch phrase, and one that is gloriously true of some of us. We do joy in our work, but the reason is because we are not hirelings, and it is unreasonable to expect a hireling to joy in his work, because he has no incentive, except fear of starvation, and no reward except a week's reprieve from starvation. Factory methods have destroyed the workman's joy in his work. He has become a 'head.'"

"The fruits of his labor—what part has he in them? They go to another. Think of the thousands upon thousands who sweat in the mines of Pennsylvania and eat his bread in the sweat of other men's faces. For my own part, I'd rather not read books that are bought in that way. Not that I condemn Mr. Carnegie. He and his wealth are the products of a condition and not the responsible causes of that condition. He is helpless in the grip of that condition, and he is far more to be pitied than some of his fellows, because he has his conscience roused, and recognizes that he possesses is not his at all.

"I recognize that the captain of industry is just what a workman as the man he employs, that the man who works with his brain is also a workman. Workmen as a class are not saints. They have very grave defects. Too often the man who rises from the ranks is the greatest tyrant. Too often the workman haggles his work so that it must be done over again, and too often he is concerned to do as little as he can for what he gets. The unions are not always what they ought to be. But that, too, is a consequence of the system which, as it progresses away from slavery, approximates varface.

"Social evils of every sort arise from failure to recognize what God's fatherhood means and that the incarnation is the glorious remedy that God has ordained whereby all humanity should be forever joined to duty in his presence. It is idle to devise remedies apart from God's teaching. I will lay down two principles which rest upon the assured warrant of holy scriptures:

"First, that labor is divinely ordained for all men. Labor is the only test of social worth. I heard a lady the other day speak sneeringly about the working class. Each one of us must belong to the working class, unless he belongs to the dross.

"Second, call no man your master upon earth. In the universal application to labor of these two principles is to be found the solution of this problem; not in the satanic counterfeit of a bloody revolution, which shall tell us of liberty, equality and fraternity, but in social evolution, which shall have love for its dominant motive and reward, love, as a sentiment, but as a person, so that we who work shall be fellow-working-men with the Carpenter of Nazareth."

## The Absentee Mayor of Milwaukee's Tricks.

His Effort to Bleed the City in Favor of the C. M. & St. P. Railway Punctured by a Socialist Alderman.

### THE WISCONSIN SOCIALIST LAW MAKERS.

IN THE LEGISLATURE: Senate—Jacob Rummel, Assembly—Edmund Berner, Frederick Brockhausen, Wm. J. Aldridge, August M. Strehlow.  
IN THE MILWAUKEE CITY COUNCIL: Albert J. Welch, Frederic Heath, Edmund T. Melms, Gustave Wild, Emil Seidel, Carl Malewski, Henry W. Grants, Edward Schrans, Nicolas Petersen.  
IN THE MILWAUKEE COUNTY BOARD: Frank Boness, James Sheehan, Charles Jaske, Gustav Geordis.  
IN RACINE: Aldermen—J. E. Decker, L. P. Christianson, W. J. Koester-mann, Supervisors—Wm. Dittmar, Joan Palds.  
IN MANITOWOC: Henry Stolze, mayor.

The meeting of the Milwaukee council last Monday was notable for the disgraceful votes of Mayor Rose in the interests of the railroad company that is trying to hold up the city in the Sixth street viaduct matter. Between the mayor's traitorous messages and Ald. Koerner's brazen efforts to prevent the city from going about the viaduct proposition so as to hold the road to its liabilities under the charter, the council had a lively time of it. The votes were both sustained, of course, but Ald. Welch blocked Koerner's scheme to rush through a committee report in favor of the railroad, by showing by the charter that the viaduct bonds would be worthless unless their issuance was first preceded by the preparing and the passing of detailed specifications, etc. Ald. Welch's resolution was as follows:

Whereas, Section 5 of Chapter 376 of the laws of 1901, provides that before bonds can be issued for the construction of viaducts, detailed plans and specifications for the same, together with an estimate of the cost of construction thereof, shall be prepared and presented to the Common Council for its approval; therefore

Resolved, That the City Engineer and the Board of Public Works be and they are hereby authorized and instructed to prepare detailed plans and specifications, together with an estimate of the cost, for the construction of the proposed 1st avenue and 8th street viaduct, and present the same to the Common Council for its approval.

Koerner took fright and hastily had the bond measure laid over to a subsequent meeting. The fact is that the city can compel the railroad to build a continuous new viaduct over all its tracks, but it is the aim of the mayor and the other corporation tools in the council to throw the burden of the improvement on the city treasury.

The electric light bonds again came up for a vote and were again defeated by the following vote:

For the Municipal Plant—Bogk, Brann, Comely, Deuster, Flabrant, Grantz, Hayes, Heath, Kleaser, Malewski, Mallory, Meisenheimer, Melms, Petersen, Ratz, Schmitt, Schumacher, Seidel, Smith, Steigwald, Stigbauer, Stollenwerk, Strachota, Welch, Wittig, Ziemer, 28.

Against the municipal plant—Barr, Becker, Fitzgerald, Koerner, Kuchbert, Lemanski, Lonsford, Luedike, 12.

McKinley, Meyer, Pringle, Rittlat, Sikora, Stoeter, Szymanski, Weiher, Corcoran—17.

The peddler's license was finally passed as reported by the committee, after the minority report of Ald. Mallory and an amendment to it by Ald. Heath for a \$3 flat rate had been voted down and also the minority reports of Ald. Grantz and Seidel.

The Socialists supported a resolution recommending to the legislature the passage of a bill authorizing an exchange of a strip of Mitchell park for a tract of adjoining land owned by the new Milwaukee Southern railway, but gave notice that at the proper time they should insist that if a right of way was granted into the city, the road should be obliged to give the city property rights in the terminal.

Ald. Seidel introduced the following resolution relative to Milwaukee's absentee mayor:

Whereas, The Hon. David S. Rose, Mayor of the City of Milwaukee, has, during his present term of office, absented himself from the city the greater part of the time; and

Whereas, Such absence necessitates that his duties be performed by the President of the Common Council; and

Whereas, Equity and justice demand that salaries be paid only for services performed; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Mayor's salary be and the same is hereby reduced by deducting from it for the period commencing May 1, 1905, during which he has been absent from the State in pursuance of his private business; and be it further

Resolved, That the same deduction from said salary be set aside to be used towards the purchase of public playgrounds.

Referred to the Committee on Salaries.

Ald. Heath introduced the following in order to hasten the building of the new school in the Tenth ward, as provided for in his former bond ordinance:

Whereas, A bond ordinance for \$120,000 has been duly passed by this council for the purpose of building a new school at the corner of Lloyd and Twelfth street in the Tenth ward, to replace a building which has been twice condemned as unsafe by the Building Inspector, the balance of said amount being for the purpose of erecting fire escapes on other schools and for other purposes, and

Whereas, Preliminary steps should now be taken to secure the plans for the new building, etc., in order that the work of constructing the said building may be vigorously prosecuted the motion

## Gleanings from Busy Socialistic Fields!



### IN YANKEE LAND.

Everywhere the Socialist movement is gaining ground. The growth of our party is giving the enemy many uneasy moments.

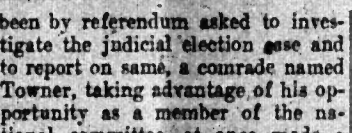
Comrade Algernon Lee's study course in Socialism has been completed in Philadelphia, and was greatly appreciated by the workers there. Comrade John Spargo is to open a course there shortly.

Now Trautmann is out with a screed charging gross frauds on the officials of the national organization of the Brewery Workers and filled with the same kind of venom that he injected into his letter to the national headquarters of the national party. It is quite apparent that Trautmann is a reckless and hanging slanderer.

Our party in New York state, known under the name of Social-Democratic party, will not be again deprived of its name, as the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of that state has held that the action against it by the Democratic party is not well taken. We extend to the comrades of New York our congratulations, the heartiness of which are not at all lessened by the true Socialist spirit shown by the real leaders in that state in the matter of the late head-bunt.

Comrade A. M. Simons says one thing in a letter to the New York Worker that goes far to redeem some of the unpleasant things he heaps on the poor, nonoffending heads of Wisconsin Socialists, when he says, "the point of the whole matter is one for discussion and not for discipline." This is a distinction that it seems impossible for some of the comrades to make. However, this comradely comment comes too late to do much good. The heavy hunters have already gotten a taste of blood. They propose to kill the offender and try to defend afterward.

Notwithstanding that the state executive board of Wisconsin had



### ACROSS THE POND.

The annual conference of the Independent Labour Party of England was held at Manchester, April 24-5. Philip Snowden was in the chair. There were 104 branches represented by 152 delegates. The year was shown to have been financially prosperous. A warm discussion took place over the unemployment crisis, the proposal of a Minister of Labor with cabinet rank was discussed. The Woman Enfranchisement Bill was supported by Keir Hardie and Stanton Coit, and a resolution to adhere to its support was passed. There was a warm discussion over the proposal that no member of the party should work in conjunction with the Free Trade League, Keir Hardie opposing, but it was carried. The next annual conference will be held at Stockton.

The twenty-fifth annual conference of the Social-Democratic Federation of England was held April 21-23, at Northampton. Seventy-four delegates attended and sixty-eight branches were represented. Several important matters received consideration. A plan for holding joint yearly conference with the Independent Labour Party (Socialist), looking to common action by the two parties, was defeated, it being held by Hyndman and others that such a conference would tend to develop differences instead of bringing the two parties to a common ground. A message of encouragement was sent to the comrades in Russia. A contest between Northampton and Burnley branches as to which election district should be contested by Hyndman was decided in favor of Burnley. Resolutions were adopted against alleged sweating carried on by the Salvation Army and Church Army, and the facts to be published. During the time of the conference public meetings were held in Northampton at which the Comrades of Warwick, Hyndman, Quelch and others made addresses.

ment the bonds are sold in July, in order that the schooling of the children may not be unduly interfered with, therefore be it

Resolved, That the sum of \$80,000 of said bond issue of \$120,000 be hereby formally set aside for the building of the new school at Lloyd and Twelfth streets, in said Tenth Ward, the city clerk to immediately notify the School Board to that effect.

An interesting happening at the meeting was the action of fifteen alienists who, after the city attorney's opinion was read showing that the city had no right to remit water rates, voted down the Petersen resolution to stop the illegal practice. Somewhat anarchistic, so to speak!

NAT'L H'QUARTERS.—The State Committee of Pennsylvania has recommended Ella Reeve Cohen for place on the reserve list of national speakers and organizers.

Comrade Lovett has resigned as state secretary of South Dakota. E. Francis Atwood, 110 So. Main st., Aberdeen, has been elected to fill the unexpired term.

The Oklahoma Territorial Committee and locals of Indian Territory, pursuant to action taken by the National Executive Committee, have been communicated with on the question of establishing a central organization.

The date for holding the Socialist State Convention of Ohio has been changed from May 30th to May 29th. The convention will be held in Labor Assembly Hall, Columbus, Ohio.

The National Committee is now voting on Referendum No. 10, Motion No. 11,

which provides for refunding to the respective state committees all dues paid in excess of the average dues received at the National office during the year 1904. Also Referendum No. 11, Motion No. 12, which provides that, only such articles be accepted under the prize plan which receive the approval of a majority of the National Committee. Vote closes May 26th.

Candidates for secretary to the International Socialist Bureau are Comrades Hillquill, Simons, Spargo, Trautmann and Untermyer. Vote closes May 27th.

The charter of Local Kansas City, Kans., has been revoked by a state referendum, 317 in favor and 117 votes against.

The Kansas state committee reports Wade R. Parks, now touring the state is not recommended by the state committee, and that his work is of the disorganizing kind. They also withdrew their endorsement of C. C. Rolfe, editor of "Line Up," for a position on the list of national speakers and organizers.

State convention of Socialists of Virginia will be held at Richmond, May 28th.

Robert Saltiel, National German organizer, will fill dates for the coming week as follows: May 22, Bridgeport, Conn.; 23, Hartford, Conn.; 24, on route; 25, Syracuse, N. Y.; Rochester, N. Y.

In addition to speakers mentioned last week, Geo. E. Bigelow will begin an eastern tour in June, starting his work in Michigan. He will enter Pennsylvania early in July.

George H. Goebel will also begin a tour in June, covering Delaware, Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama and other states.

J. Mahlon Barnes, Nat. Secy.

## WHAT THE ARENA MAGAZINE SAYS

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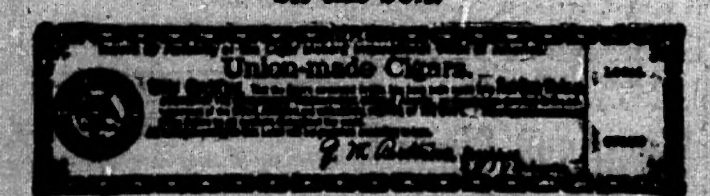
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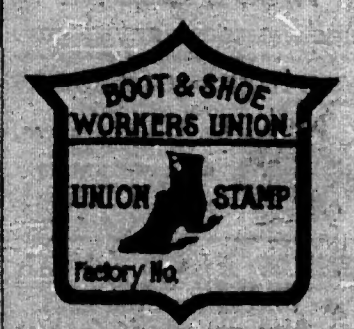
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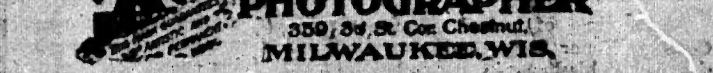
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# Social-Democratic Herald

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The Herald is not responsible for the opinions of its contributors.

Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

FREDERIC HEATH, Editor. VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate.

## FOR OUR NEW READERS:

THIS COUNTRY is made up of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically small. Being in control of the government, it runs that government in the interests of its class and against the interests of the working class, which is the people. We Socialists believe that the country should be ruled by the people in the interests of the people. That is why we established a government in the first place. We want the people to own it so that the political power can be used to begin the march to the co-operative system, called Social-Democracy. All the means of existence are now owned by capitalists, and yet the capitalist class makes up only about 12 per cent of the population, and a mere ONE PER CENT of it OWNS OVER HALF THE WEALTH OF THE NATION! The means of existence should be owned by the collectivity in order that the benefits should go to ALL instead of to a FEW.

Under the capitalist system the vast majority of mankind must sell themselves to the capitalist owners of the means of production and distribution in order to live—and to live miserably at that.

The nation owns the post office and everybody is glad that it does. It ought to own all the trusts so that all may enjoy the benefits.

It ought to own all the means of production as soon as such industries have become sufficiently concentrated.

To bring this about the people—the workers—must get control of the political power. The Social-Democratic party (known as the Socialist party in some states, and nationally) is organized to bring this about—this and the abolition of capitalism. It insists that the industrial class shall be the wealthy class, and the idle class the poor class—but it will, in fact, abolish the poor class altogether. The Social-Democratic movement is international, but we expect it to achieve success in the United States first, because the capitalist system, which we mean to uproot, is best developed here. To show you that your interests lie with us we print the following:

### Program of International Social-Democracy:

1. Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of Trusts and Combinations, and of all public utilities.
2. Democratic management of such collective industries and utilities.
3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration.
4. State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest for old age.
5. The Inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.
6. Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor.
7. Equal political and civil rights for men and women.

IF YOU BELIEVE IN THE ABOVE VOTE WITH THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATS.

All communications intended for the national party and headquarters should be addressed, hereafter, to J. MAHLON BARNES, NATIONAL SECRETARY, 269 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

## EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

To a reporter at Ft. Wayne, Ind., where he had just spoken to an overflowing theater, Comrade Eugene V. Debs gave his views of the Chicago strike the other day, and in the course of his remarks said:

"The strike, of course, is a bad affair, and what the outcome of it will be I cannot conjecture. I am not so familiar with the details of the events leading up to the trouble, though I have followed the newspaper reports carefully. However, there must have been some injustice somewhere, or trouble of such proportions would never have arisen."

"The teamsters' union is a powerful organization and I believe it is the purpose of the employers' association to wipe it out of existence, if possible. The employers have had this in mind, I believe, for more than a year and will stop at nothing to further their ends. They have applied to the federal courts for injunctions and this is but a preliminary step to asking for federal troops. I believe that just as soon as the situation warrants, the 10,000 soldiers at Fort Sheridan will march down the streets of Chicago to intimidate the workmen. With the issuance of injunctions the labor leaders, by contempt proceedings, may be sent to jail by the wholesale and without a semblance of a trial."

"The employers imagine that they can solve the whole difficulty by importing thugs and villains to take the place of the strikers. They lead these men to believe they will be given permanent employment, but the employers merely wish them to use to break the strike and when this is accomplished this riff-raff will be turned loose in Chicago to breed still greater trouble."

"As I said, I do not care to forecast the results of this strike, but I assure you that my sympathies are with the teamsters from start to finish."

What Comrade Debs says of the importing of things into a community is worth the thoughtful attention of the citizens of a city. It shows that the employers do not scruple to ransack the country for undesirable specimens of humanity if their own selfish purposes seem to require it, nor to turn them into an unoffending community when they have no further use for them. It may be that in time the dwellers in industrial cities will wake up to this and enact laws against Farleyism in sheer self protection.

We are pleased to announce that Comrade Ira Cross, whose accounts of the Socialists in the Wisconsin Legislature have been appearing in our columns from week to week, and who is a student at the Wisconsin University at Madison, has been given a scholarship from the economic department of the university and so will return to Madison from his Michigan home again next year. There were two such scholarships to give out and that one of these goes to a Social-Democrat is matter for congratulation. Comrade Cross was one of the secretaries of the last national nominating convention of the national party at Chicago a year ago, and is a close student of international Socialism and its tactics.

At the time of going to press Comrade Victor L. Berger lies on a sick bed at his home in Milwaukee, the nature of his trouble being somewhat in doubt. The physicians believe that he has ruptured an internal blood vessel and have been afraid of blood poisoning. We hope to give a more favorable account of him next week.

In the flurry raised by the Trautman onslaught some muddiness at the bottom of the pool has come to the surface. Let us at least recognize this much of service to the movement in the late unpleasantness. First we have the Hagerty episode, in which that individual sent to a capitalist paper in Milwaukee a letter for publication designed by the fact of such publication to do injury to the Milwaukee Socialist movement. Then we have the Mally conspiracy to bring disaster

on that same movement by flooding the city with their malicious scare-head articles charging the Milwaukee comrades with treason and other high crimes. Then we have Local Cincinnati (W. W. Larimer, Cor. Sec.) which passes defamatory resolutions against the movement in Milwaukee, and then sends copies of same for publication in papers hostile to the party (it is a dirty bird that befriends its own nest!), to the N. Y. People, etc. Then we have that prize wobbler James Benedict Arnold of Louisville, ex-Social-Democrat, ex-S. L. P., etc., who writes to Daffy Ford's sheet "I am truly glad to see the circulation and influence of the S. L. P. steadily increasing." We will go him one better and say that we hope it will increase far enough to take Arnold and the other traitors we have specified out of our camp. It is not of such roily stuff that a militant working class party can be built. Such elements cannot be counted on in war times.

The Crestline, Ohio, head-hunting resolutions, calling for a referendum, have been endorsed, since last report by locals Philadelphia, Pa., Globe, Ariz., and Omaha, Nebr.

The Minneapolis comrades drew up resolutions full of absolute misstatements regarding the Milwaukee case and passed them and sent them out for publication. Protect us from our comrades!

Notice, Philadelphia.

Everybody wishing to subscribe for the "Social-Democratic Herald" drop a postal to Joe P. Nick, 517 N. 8th st. and will receive prompt attention.

## Some Selections from Liebknecht.

The economic and, accordingly also, the political conditions are essentially the same in all civilized lands. No state in the present day is shut off from the others by a Chinese wall. Notwithstanding the artificial boundaries, all civilized nations have a common evolution and a common history. Every land affects all others and is affected by them. All parties are, therefore, today more or less international. And ours is so in a greater measure than all other parties, since it does not recognize national boundaries, and, standing on the position of pure humanity, adhering in all to strictly human measures, sees in the members of the divided nationalities only men and brothers. Although we have the nearest direct sphere of our activity in the state of which we are citizens, nevertheless we do not forget the citizens of the world and the universal brotherhood of man.

From the moment that private possession in the means of production arose, exploitation and the division of society into two hostile classes, standing their interest also began. This process has not been accomplished suddenly, but goes steadily forward. It is to be traced back through the middle ages, even into remote antiquity. In the industrial society, with which we have to deal and with which the platform is concerned, it proceeds with additional speed according to the degree in which the means of production have

become concentrated and the monopoly or property of a small minority, and according as the productivity of the means of production has become steadily more perfect. A simple tool has grown into a machine; the machine becomes more and more per-



WILHELM LIEBKNECHT.

fect; capital, and with it the intensification of production, continually increases. Out of the small business develops the great business, which marks the beginning of great industry from which arose the modern giant industry, and this is not sufficient—the giant industry unites itself into trusts, agreements, etc. And with this concentration of capital the means of production take on

in equal manner; on one side the intensification of production, that rises to unending height, and on the other side the intensification of exploitation, of expropriation of the middle classes, the uncertainty of the proletariat, the lower grade of misery, of oppression, of slavery.

What we wish to make clear is that the state now represents, and must represent, the ruling classes, so long as class rule remains it must be a class state; and this state we are obliged to struggle against in a political conflict and to utilize all the weapons that we have, in order to acquire political power and free ourselves from it. We have nothing to do with the state in any other manner.

We seek justice and fight injustice. We seek free labor and attack wage-slavery. We seek the prosperity of all and struggle against misery. We seek the education of all and fight ignorance and barbarism. We seek peace and order and combat the murder of people, the class war and the social anarchy. We seek the Socialism, people's state and attack the despotic class state. Whoever desires these things, and struggles for them, let him unite with us and work with all his strength for our cause—for the cause of Socialism—for the cause of humanity, whose victory will soon be gained.

## Half Hours In The Herald Sanctum.



Correspondents are urged to write as briefly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

### AN OPEN LETTER.

To the Members of the National Committee of the Socialist party: In a recent statement presented for your information by Comrade Trautman there is a personal reference to Comrade Hoehn which I deem of sufficient importance to the party to warrant me intruding upon your attention.

The reference to which I allude is contained in Trautman's argument in the Berger case in which I find the following:

"And there in Chicago I learned more. Mr. Hoehn was once a delegate to an International Socialist Congress in Brussels, elected mostly by Anarchist societies of Chicago, at least they contributed the money to let him travel in Europe, yet there he voted for debarring the Anarchists from the congress, the same people by whose money he was enabled to be a delegate. Returning from Europe he was soon initiated to leave Chicago forever. Evidence of these facts are in the hands of people in Chicago and New York. Stick a pin in this."

By this statement Trautman charges Hoehn with obtaining money under false pretenses, and running away from Chicago to escape the consequences of his acts, and tells where the proof of the charges can be found.

If Trautman produces this proof Hoehn will be shown to be an unfit person to remain on the National Committee or in the party. And if the proof cannot be produced then Trautman is a slanderer and a menace to the welfare of the Socialist party and the Socialist movement.

With this conception of the importance of Trautman's statement, I will present myself as a witness with a knowledge of the FACTS.

In 1890 the World's Fair Directors planned a world's labor congress. As that body had already refused to recognize any of the requests of the labor unions regarding wages and hours in the contracts let for the building of the fair, it seemed to me their labor congress was a scheme designed to magnify the importance of some of the "labor leaders" and to use the purpose of discrediting the Socialist movement, and the idea of arranging a real labor congress suggested itself to me.

This idea was approved by some of my comrades and THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS ASSOCIATION was arranged for that object. This organization was composed of 10 trade and labor unions, 4 Socialist organizations, 3 Turner Societies, 2 Nationalist Clubs and a Workmen's Educational Society, all of Chicago. Its officers were Mrs. S. Woodman, responding Secretary; Jesse Cox, Treasurer; R. H. Howe, Financial Secretary; G. A. Hoehn, Foreign Corresponding Secretary; Corning S. Brown, Corresponding Secretary; and an executive committee of five—Comrades Hoehn, Heaver, Wisdemyer and myself, all Socialists. This organization was perfected July 8th, 1890, and four thousand circular letters were sent out to the industrial organizations of this and other countries. The responses were very encouraging and the membership of the association was rapidly increased by the addition of organizations in other states and Europe.

In 1891 the Association determined to present the project to the International Socialist Labor Congress about to meet in Brussels, Belgium, and voluntary contributions were made for that purpose and for the general expenses of the Association. Ten Labor Unions, six Socialist and three Turner Societies and eight individuals gave and loaned \$197.30. This money was collected before the 20th of July, 1891, and before the Association had elected its delegates to go to Brussels. Hoehn was unanimously elected the evening of the 28th of July and the money collected being less than was required I advanced \$75 to the Association and paid it to Hoehn. Not a cent of the money paid to Hoehn for his expenses came from an Anarchist unless the dues paid by some Anarchists to some of the unions that contributed to be considered as part payment. If this is done then there is no limit to be placed on such claims and I therefore dismiss the idea as absurd.

The loans made and the other expenses of the Association were paid by the publication of a book by the Association in which there is a full record of the Association's doings and Comrade Hoehn's possession. In this publication is the declaration of principles which was the constitution of the Association which was published in circular letter sent out by the Association as before stated. From

I quote the following from the declaration:

"Sec. 4.—That the abolition of the wage system should be declared imperative and the establishment of a co-operative ownership and use of the means of production a necessity."

This section shows that there was nothing in common in the object of this association with the purpose of the Anarchists, and therefore there was no inducement for them to contribute financially or to co-operate in its work, based on such a declaration.

From the constitution I quote the following:

"No financial obligations are incurred by membership, all expenses necessary to carry out the work being met by voluntary contributions from members and friends." As no money was paid into the Association except in the manner provided in this rule, and all contributions were made and collected before Hoehn's election, there could be no possible connection between Hoehn's vote to exclude the Anarchists from the Socialist Congress in Brussels and those contributions.

Regarding the exclusion of the Anarchists from the Brussels Socialist Congress, I quote from Hoehn's report published in the Association's book before referred to:

"The Secretary of the Congress reported that there were some Anarchists who had presented credentials and that the credential committee recommended their exclusion, BECAUSE THE ONLY AGITATION OF THE CLUB AND GROUPS THEY REPRESENTED WAS AGAINST THE SOCIALIST MOVEMENT. The recommendation of the credential committee was almost unanimously concurred in and the Anarchists were excluded."

I do not know either from the report or in any other way how Hoehn voted, but I do know that if he had not voted to exclude the Anarchists he would have proved false to the Association he represented and to the object for which it was organized and to the Socialist movement. Though I lack the proof I am satisfied that Hoehn did his duty and voted as our representative and as a Socialist.

In regard to the purpose for which he was directly commissioned to present I quote briefly from the report of the General Order Committee of the Congress, to which it was referred:

"We recognize the great work done by our comrades on the other side of the Atlantic and conceive the importance of such a congress in Chicago; therefore, the General Order Committee has unanimously decided to make the following recommendation to our friends in Chicago and America at large: THAT AN AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS BE HELD IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO DURING THE WORLD'S FAIR IN 1893. TO THIS AMERICAN LABOR CONGRESS ALL LABOR ORGANIZATIONS OF ALL AMERICAN COUNTRIES SHOULD BE INVITED. AN INVITATION SHOULD ALSO BE SENT TO ALL LABOR ORGANIZATIONS OF EUROPE, AND WE ASSURE OUR AMERICAN COMRADES THAT THE ORGANIZED LABOR OF EUROPE WILL BE WELL REPRESENTED AT THE CHICAGO CONGRESS." This recommendation of the General Order Committee was unanimously adopted.

This shows that Hoehn did his work well and that the International Labor Congress Association he represented was authorized by the Socialists of the world to proceed with the work it was organized to accomplish. But before Hoehn could get back to Chicago and make his report the Anarchists got control of the Arbeiter Zeitung on which Hoehn was employed and discharged him. A movement was organized within the Socialist party to prevent the holding of this congress. The destructionists succeeded, and the congress was not held. The Chicago members of the International Labor Congress Association paid its expenses and it passed into the history of the Socialist movement. The friends and associates of Trautman, from whom he gathers his information in Chicago and New York, may also have told him how this proposed World's Fair Labor Congress was killed, and how equally destructive work has been done within the party by men and women who have secured high positions in its councils and in the forum of the Socialist movement. Some of this work has been as wicked as was Trautman's attack on our Comrade Hoehn. A history of this part of the Socialist movement in this country would make very interesting and valuable reading for the present generation of Socialists. If this is written in the near future I have a few facts that would be worth publication. But for the present I will stop at this incident.

Thomas J. Morgan.

Chicago, May 11, 1903.

(We cheerfully publish the above at Comrade Morgan's request. It shows the reckless temper of the man, Trautman.—Editor Herald.)

### A Well Merited Rebuke.

[We are hereby permitted to print a copy of the communication sent by Comrade Stedman of Chicago to the sheet in Toledo and which was, of course, refused publication in the Wisconsin Mail's purpose of inducing all possible prejudice against Wisconsin in order to stampede the head hunt that has just come to such a disgraceful termination. His paper was ready to print everything possible to our detriment and as little as possible in our favor. The letter follows:

"The Socialist," Toledo, Ohio.

Dear Comrades:—

The first page of your paper is good propaganda material. The balance is entirely uninteresting to me. Most of those talking about the Wisconsin movement there and if your paper is as uninteresting to other subjects as it is in its reference to the party of Wisconsin, it forfeits serious attention or consideration.

It is pleasing to note how you have built up the movement in Ohio, the large vote, the aggressive party, and the magnificent organization—so great in comparison with Wisconsin's—and I know that it is not by reason of the fact that it is more distinctly a proletarian state, but that your wonderful political success is due to the genius, ability, and the tactics of your party. May the good work go on and let it never be said that they have a better proletarian movement in an agricultural state like Wisconsin than they have in the proletarian bailiwick of Ohio.

In the meantime, do all you can to help Father Hagerty, Father Kress, the "Milwaukee Sentinel," the "Milwaukee Journal," David Rose, Pfister—the Catholic Church—and the capitalists of Milwaukee to overthrow the political party of the working class there. You are engaged in a laudable undertaking, and may all the capitalist cardinals shower holy water on your head.

In the meantime, I shall confine myself to propaganda and can do better unassisted by your weekly leaflet on smudge and tactics.

Respectfully yours,

Seymour Stedman.

Chicago, April 28.

Answers to Correspondents.

J. W. S., Boston.—Many thanks. The papers have been sent.

W. W., N. Y.—Comrade Berger is at present on a sick-bed. As soon as he is able to be about, will refer the matter to him.

### DON'T MISS THIS!

One of our principal aims is to increase our circle of readers. There are many reasons for this, chief among which is our desire to secure converts to the cause of Socialism. Every new reader we secure soon becomes an ardent worker in the struggle for the emancipation of the working class from the slavery of wage labor.

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## Waste Under Capitalism.

There is nothing which emphasizes the inefficiency of the present methods of production and distribution so plainly as the way we supply the people's necessities.

For instance, every year on this farm (and there are thousands like it) hundreds of bushels of good apples and pears are wasted. They rot on the ground. Prices are so low that it doesn't pay to pick them up. No market for them.

Vast quantities of cotton have been deliberately burned in southern cities—to keep up prices and make profits for capitalists. Everyone knows of the tons of bananas which are frequently dumped into the green sea—to keep up prices and make profits for capitalists.

Here on this farm are members of a family who would be glad to raise quantities of vegetables. But when we raise them, what happens? Do we send them to you people who are so hungry for green stuff, and receive in exchange equal value of the things that you produce? No. We hunt up a market. We don't find one. There is also a limit to the

amount of vegetables and fruit we can give away, for in this town others produce these things, too.

If the farmers should raise this summer enough lettuce, radishes, potatoes, corn, etc., to supply all the people in the United States, what would occur? Well, prices would go down so low that a large share of these eatables would have to be destroyed—to keep up prices and make profits for capitalists.

Nice way of doing business, isn't it? Thousands of people are making things that we farmers need. We want to exchange our products, but we can't effect a just exchange, because none of us own the markets or have anything to say about them.

Then the thing to do is to establish a system which will enable us to make these exchanges fairly and squarely. So that the producer of cotton will not go without bananas and the producer of apples and pears will not lack for good cotton goods. But that's Socialistic, isn't it? Yes, it is.

Gladys Vera Lamb.  
Dryden, Mich.

We take the following from one of our Japanese exchanges: "Comrades Matsunaka and Nobuoka, the female member of the Heiminsha, have begun the peddling of our paper. On their holidays (as they are very busy during the week days), they go out to the street, carrying the bundles of the 'Chokugen' and selling them in the street cars, in the parks, or in the broad streets. The townfolk, it appears, are very much surprised to see these lady-like peddlers, and are easily persuaded to buy the papers. So our women comrades are greatly successful in this noble work. They are saving the money gained, to use it some day for some women's movements."



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FREDERICK HEATH, 344 Sixth St., Sec. Secretary.  
HENRY HOPPE, 2415 Chambers St., Treasurer.  
J. W. TONSON, 666 1/2 Twenty-seventh St., Sergeant at Arms.  
M. WEISENFELCH, 417 Eleventh St., Sergeant at Arms.

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## Federated Trades Council.

Regular meeting, May 17, 1905.—Bro. Griehling in chair, Bro. Feeley vice chairman.

New delegates seated from Brewery Workers, Stationary Engineers, Glass Bottle Blowers, Brushmakers, etc. The Organization committee reported national organizers from Cement Workers and the Longshoremen. Also reported that a building trade organizer is here trying to brace up the Building Trades Council in opposition to the building trades section of this body. Report received.

Bro. Wilson as chairman of the special committee in the Carpenter-Woodworker trouble, reported progress. On motion committee was given further time.

The Building Trades section reported a demand on council that all building trades represented in council be required to send delegates to the section by July 1. Credentials received from Lathers union. The section decided to take up Glimbel's matter without delay. It was decided to get necessary stamp and stationery. A new organization committee was appointed. Report received and concurred in.

The Label section reported appointing a committee of Bros. Feeley and Weder to visit unions. Secretary was instructed to answer letters referred to section by the council. Delegate Feeley was elected chairman, to fill vacancy caused by repeated absence. Bro. Neumann reported the organization of the Wisconsin Association of Typographical union in order to work for the 8-hour day. Report concurred in.

Delegates from Painters made charges against Musicians' union. Bus. Agt. Wilson reported on the strike at Harvester works and said that work was being done for the works by the Model Tool company, composed of one Charles Gordon and Dr. F. H. Hagermann. Electrical workers again called attention to their strike. Delegates to report back. Complaint of boycott circulars against the breweries. No action.

Report of Executive Board: A letter from Gompers stating that he had asked the president of the Woodworkers to specify what Milwaukee employer union contained, according to Woodworkers' report received by the council and placed on file. The board reported on a communi-

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ation from a Texas labor body deprecating the attempt to split the national labor movement and asking labor to stand by the policy of Gompers, and with a reply which is not drafted stating that the Milwaukee council was favorably inclined toward industrialism, but that it opposed the attempt to split the labor movement, because this would delay industrialism by bringing about unending strife between the national bodies, also that the Milwaukee council did not believe in the policy of Gompers. A motion to commit was amended to provide for a committee of three to redraft the reply. The entire matter was then tabled, and on ruling of chair that original motion was still before the house an appeal was taken and the chair not sustained. The board reported a letter from Gompers relative to jurisdiction of certain bodies, and recommended that it be replied that the council could not see its way clear to enter into a fight for the purpose of swearing allegiance to a trade autonomy decision of the A. F. of L. convention. Concurred in by council.

Communication from State Federation of Labor asking council to send delegate to Marinette was on motion put over. Communication from Teamsters as to using union drivers. Delegates to report back. On request of board that 6 copies of A. F. of L. proceedings be secured, a motion to buy 5,000 copies was lost and council ordered 15 copies purchased. Board ordered a statement of Building Trades section printed with its constitution. Concurred in.

Delegate Wilson raised a question as to the disposition of family ride tickets to Madison. Secretary was instructed to write legislators. Delegate Hamman reported that the charge was being made that Paul Huebner was back of recent labor troubles in the city. On motion the special investigating committee was asked to make inquiry.

Receipts for evening \$17.55. Paid out, on recommendation of executive board, \$82.70.

Frederic Heath, Rec. Secy.

## State Treasurer's Report S. D. P. for April 1905.

Cash on hand Apr. 1.....	\$48.47
Receipts from State Secy.....	346.33
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$394.80</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES.</b>	
Soc. Dem. Publ. Co. for rent, light, office help and cleaning (for Mar.).....	\$10.25
Soc. Dem. Publ. Co. for Herald's.....	3.00
M. Langers for salary to date Apr. 1.....	9.00
American Express Co.....	30
Garmia Publ. Co.....	1.50
Carl D. Thompson for salary on account.....	20.00
Carl D. Thompson for salary on account.....	5.00
E. H. Thomas for postage.....	44.54
E. T. Melms for expenses to Racine Wis. Telephone Co. for long distance service.....	4.00
J. Mahlon Barnes for national dues.....	57.65
M. Langers for salary to date April 15.....	8.00
Carl D. Thompson.....	75.30
M. Langers for salary to date Apr. 22.....	9.00
M. Langers for salary for week ending April 8.....	9.00
Soc. Dem. Publ. Co. for rent, light, office help and cleaning (for Apr.).....	23.30
M. Langers for salary to date Apr. 20.....	9.00
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$300.34</b>
<b>Total Receipts.....</b>	<b>\$394.83</b>
<b>Expenditures.....</b>	<b>300.34</b>
Cash on hand May 1.....	\$94.49
J. Reicher, Treas. S. D. P. of Wis.	

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12 1/2c Infants fine maco-thread Cotton Hose, go at a pair.....	4c
5c Mens gray-mixed Socks, go at a pair.....	2c
15c Ladies fine ribbed and plain full fashioned Hose, go at a pair.....	7c
5c Ladies white lawn and cambric Handkerchiefs, with hem, go at each.....	1 1/2c
1000 Ladies and Mens 20 and 25 in. Umbrellas, in silk and muslin covers, worth to \$2.00, slightly imperfect, on sale while they last, Monday.....	49c

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Bicycles built to order at \$14.00 and up.  
Easy payments, \$5.00 down, balance \$5.00 per month.  
Second-hand bicycles, \$3 to \$10.  
We carry the largest stock of Tires, Coaster Brakes and Sundries in the city and have you the middle-man's profit, for we buy direct from the factories and sell direct to the rider.  
Best Enameling, Striping and Transfer, \$1.25. Repairs well called for free of charge.  
Phone 245 South, Jonas Cycle Co., 728 National Ave., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# GEO. H. EICHHOLZ

1340 FOND DU LAC AVENUE.  
**EDISON PHONOGRAPHS**  
\$10.00 to \$50.00 \$1.00 A WEEK

Comrade Matti Kurikka, former editor of the leading Socialist daily in Finland, and who since 1900 has resided in British Columbia, delivered two lectures at the Socialist Home, 882 Washington St., last Saturday and Sunday, under the auspices of the 5th ward Finnish branch. He devoted most of his lecture in touching upon the movement in Finland and tried to fix in the minds of his hearers the approach of an economic turmoil over the entire part of the civilized world. He received a very attentive hearing while in Milwaukee.

# SPECIAL CLEARING SALE

of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.  
Rogers Triple Plated Knives and Forks, Per set of six..... \$1.24  
Seth Thomas Eight Day Clocks, regular price \$6.00, only..... \$3.33  
We have a large lot of striking bargains, every article warranted.

# August J. Stecher

...JEWELER...  
280 Third Street, Cor. State.

# Bicycles

Bicycles, Tires and Sundries always on hand at lowest prices. Bicycles made to order at \$17.00 up. All repairs well guaranteed.

# KOEPPEN & CO.,

MACHINE AND BICYCLE SHOP.  
423 Chestnut St., Milwaukee.

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THE ONLY UNION TAILOR SHOP IN BAY VIEW....  
754 Kinnickinnic Ave., at the Bridge, and 279 National Ave., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# Union Made Shoes

—AT—  
**ERNST SAUDER,**  
Repairing Neatly Done.  
881 Howell Ave., Near Kinnickinnic Ave. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# SEE WAUGH

When you can't see well  
320 Grand Avenue.

# ADAM SIEFERT

CUSTOM TAILOR  
521 TWELFTH STREET  
Cleaning and Repairing. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# HARBICHT & KASDORF,

Meat and Provision Market  
Phone White 0961. 504 STATE ST.

# A.W. HAAS,

Dealer in  
Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and Game in Season.  
211 HOWELL AVENUE.

# WM. JANDT, Tailor,

AND DEALER IN  
Gent's Furnishings.  
Union Hats at Moderate Prices.  
706 Maskego Ave. Cor. Mitchell St.

# HERMAN BUECH

MANUFACTURER OF  
HIGH GRADE CIGARS,  
Tampacora, 10 cts., National Sport, 5 cts.  
575 10th AVENUE, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

# THE HOME TEA CO.

399 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
Specially have the best TEAS and COFFEES at the best possible prices. Also carry a full line of "Oranges".

# Vogenitz & Ruhnke, Props.

Wines and Liquors at Wholesale Prices.  
309 Chestnut Street, Phone Main 2290. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# BORCHARDT BROS.,

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS.  
147-149 Grove St., Milwaukee, Phone 5495 N.W.

# THEO. KOESTER,

WEST SIDE BOTTLE HOUSE.  
Wines and Liquors at Wholesale Prices.  
309 Chestnut Street, Phone Main 2290. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# A. GOETZ,

DEALER IN  
WOOD AND COAL  
254 WINNEBAGO STREET. Phone Main 9538.  
All Orders promptly attended to.

# WHERE TO EAT.

**LAWRENCE'S ORIGINAL**  
3c  
**LUNCH ROOMS,**  
OPEN ALL NIGHT.  
Headquarters for a Good Lunch or Meal. Night and moderate prices. 24

# HY. F. SCHMIDT'S

Catons, Samples and Wipe Room  
Hall for Parties, Weddings, Receptions and Meetings.  
Selling every Saturday and Sunday Evening 5:30 p.m. and before 8 p.m., Milwaukee, Wis.

# ASK FOR

**Edelweiss,**  
Schoen Hofenbrau.  
Select or Ambrosia  
BEERS OF SCHOENHOFEN BREWING CO.  
Try Our Tonic  
"EDELWEISS-MALTINE"  
446 Barclay Street, Corner Scott  
Phone No. 104.

# FRANK KORSCH,

Saloon and Sample Room,  
687 Lapham Street, Cor. 10th Ave. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# THE AMERICAN DAIRY

O. E. SIEGMUND, Prop.  
Bottled Milk and Cream a Specialty.  
You Meet the Wagons Everywhere. Free Early Deliveries Anywhere.

1523 Villet St. PHONE WEST 508

# J. LOEHNER,

West Side Architectural Iron Works  
Manufacturers of all kinds of  
**Ornamental Iron Work**  
Repairs at all kinds. 1820 Cherry Street, promptly attended to. Phone Brown 8345. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

# GEO. LAUENSTEIN

PAINTER AND DECORATOR  
Dealer in Wall Paper, Mosaic Paints, Glass, and Room Moulding.  
Tel. Connection 936 Teutonia Ave.

# ADOLPH HEUMANN'S

BEER, HALL AND SAMPLE ROOM.  
402 Sycamore St., Cor. Fourth.  
Opposite Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Passenger Depot.  
Telephone Black 9531. Milwaukee, Wis.

# MINERAL WATERS.



## ALHAMBRA

Commencing Sunday Evening  
The Castleton Big Opera Co.

MILLOECKER'S  
Tuneful Comic Opera  
**THE BLACK  
HUSSAR**

Presented in a most elaborate manner by an ALL-STAR CAST and surrounded by a chorus of beautiful girls that have trained voices and a male chorus that stands pre-eminent in the operatic world.

110—People Used on the Stage—110  
The Largest and Best Company Ever  
Seen in Comic Opera at  
**POPULAR PRICES**

Gorgeous Costumes. Stage Settings,  
Electrical and Mechanical Effects.  
No Advance in Prices.

Next Attraction:  
**THE BEGGAR STUDENT**

## Town Topics by the Town Crier.

It is rumored about the city hall that some investigations may soon be instituted into the way in which the cement sidewalk work is being done in certain parts of the city. From the Twelfth ward come reports that the ward foreman, a bruiser named Roman Czarnik, is in a secret partnership with ex-Assemblyman Frank Hesse in the laying of cement sidewalks and that Czarnik uses his power as ward foreman to order cement sidewalks laid in order to increase the business of the firm. Moreover it is claimed that where Hesse lays such sidewalks the rubbish is left in the street and the ward men are compelled to clear it away so as to save the contractor the expense.

Ald. Meyer, of the Twenty-second ward, who has now gone over to the gang on the municipal electric light project, is already after part of his pay for his betrayal of the people. He wants to get a slice out of the new school bonds for a new school in his district, although the two schools that are conceded to be the worst in the city at the present time, are the Tenth ward school at Twelfth and Lloyd streets, and one of the schools in the Eleventh ward. If Meyer and men like him would

stand for the interests of the people, in the council, and against the big private grafts of the corporations, the city would have money enough to build all the schools needed. But what does Mayor care!

Ald. Becker, the pampered youth, who started out as a great reformer and official watchdog, and who paid the daily papers to puff him and print his picture, lasted less than a year in the council before he succumbed to the street railway gang—but we must give him credit for holding out longer than we had expected he would. The mayor now has him in his coat-tail pocket. The people be damned, is Becker's new motto.

Again we say: Milwaukee will have to wait until the Socialists are strong enough in the city government to provide a municipal electric light plant. Capitalist party campaign and platform promises must not be taken seriously, they are only to catch votes with.

## Military Concert and Ball.

A concert and ball will be given by Mayr's military band, Sunday, May 29, at Bohemian Turn hall, Twelfth street. Following is the program:

- PROGRAMME
- Part I.
1. March—"Milwaukee Kriegerfest" ... Franz M.
  2. Overture—Swedish ... Titi
  3. Selection—"The Royal Chef" ... Jerome
  4. Waltz—Jugendtraume ... Waldteufel
- Intermission.
- Part II.
5. Overture—Thunhauser ... R. Wagner
  6. Characteristic—A Morning in a Blacksmith-shop ... Mayr
  7. Baritone Solo "Annie Laurie" ... Snyder
  8. Selection—Songs from the Alps ... Mr. Herman Kanitz
  9. a) Selection—From Lucia ... Donizetti
  - b) Trümmerei ... Schumann
- Intermission.
- Part III.
10. March—Mayr's Band, My. Schneider
  11. Selection—Ceske Narodni ... Member of Band
  12. Selection—Popular Songs ... Mayra
  13. Selection—Ten Minutes with the Minstrel ... Bowron
  14. March—1863 ... Calvin
- Ball after Concert.

## SUNDAY, JULY 16.

Take a good long look at the above line and try to think what it stands for. If you can think of anything of more than ordinary importance that is to take place on that date, take another good long look at it and then hold it at a short distance from you and view it from different angles, so that you may become thoroughly familiar with it, no matter when, where or from what point of view you may catch a glimpse of it. Now cut it out and paste it in your hat, and if you happen to own more than one hat, be sure you get it in the right one. This may be a good time for you to go and purchase a new straw hat, or else slip up that old straw hat, or relic of happy days gone by. But whatever you do, don't forget to paste that line in your hat.

No, this is no prize guessing contest, nor is it an advertisement for a hat store. We merely desire to give you a simple lesson in memorizing important events.

Perhaps we have succeeded in getting you sufficiently interested to induce you to spend a few minutes looking over the pages of the Herald to find a date tallying with the above. When you have found it, you will also learn what the great event is to take place on that date.

If, after finding the advertisement of the event, you still have doubts as to your ability to remember it, cut out the whole advertisement and paste it in your hat.

If you follow the above instructions, you will find them a wonderful aid to memory, and if you make it a point to be with us on that occasion, you will agree with us later that, up to date, it was the red-letter day of your life.

## DON'T PAY CASH

Remember we are the only clothiers in Milwaukee selling on easy weekly payments at strictly cash prices. We employ neither solicitors, nor collectors, ask no questions of your employers—and hold all transactions confidential.

No matter what your needs may be in the line of clothing for yourself or family—we have it.

Come and make your selection, then tell the clerk to charge it—that's all—pay us later.

## Peoples' Credit Clothing Co.

230 GRAND AVE., UP STAIRS  
Cor. 3rd Street.  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

## \$1.00 TO CHICAGO.

Round Trip \$1.00.  
For Chicago and Back, daily, 8 P. M.  
For Milwaukee and Washington, daily except Monday & Saturday, 8 A. M.  
For Milwaukee, Algonquin and Sturgeon Bay, Sunday, Thursday & Friday, 8 A. M.  
For Milwaukee and Manitowish, Sunday & Thursday, 8 A. M.  
For Milwaukee, Fish Creek, Sister Bay and Keshish, Thursday, 8 A. M.  
DOGS: Foot of Seymour St. Tel. Main 985

## GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS

**BICYCLES And RACCOLES**

A large stock on hand. I carry the largest assortment of TIRES and RUBBERS in Milwaukee, and sell everything at LOWEST PRICES.

**JOS. SCHOSTAK**, 483 Third Street, Milwaukee, Wis. Tel. White 9025.  
Open evenings until 9. Sundays 'till noon.

Consultation Free.  
**A. REINHARD**, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN, 208 Grand Avenue.  
We Prescribe and Make Glasses.

**REMOVAL SALE!**  
Owing to the fact of our moving from 619 to 667 Third Street, we will offer at cost price, from now until June 1st, our large assortment of Watches, Clocks, Cuckoo-clocks, Diamonds, Rings, Chains and Jewelry of all kinds.

**VAHL & CO., 619 Third St.**

For Sale—Safes and Vaults.  
Hibbard & Richardson Co., Gen'l. Agents, Cary Safe Co., constantly carry at No. 471 Milwaukee St., this city, the largest stock of new fire and burglar-proof safes and vaults in the Northwest. Second hand safes of the different makes always on hand.

## BIJOU

JACOB LITT, Prop.

Starting Matinee Sunday 2:30  
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday

Kilroy & Britton's Big  
Scenic Production

## An Aristocratic Tramp

NOT LIKE ANY OTHER PLAY  
WITH A TRAMP TITLE

See The Famous Yellowstone Park, The Sumo of the Chinese District, The Latest Limited Going at Full Speed.

Five Big Specialty Acts.

NEXT ATTRACTION:  
"THE MOONSHINER'S DAUGHTER."

## TWO DAILY STAR

2:30  
8:15

Week Commencing  
Sunday Matinee

Ladies  
Sovereign

10c  
20c  
30c

The New York  
STARS

Extravaganza Company

10c

Concert and Ball

Arranged by  
**MAYR'S MILITARY BAND**

SUNDAY, MAY 28, 1905,  
At Bohemian Turner Hall,  
Cor. 12th and Vine Sts.

Admission 15c. After 6 P. M. 25c.  
Concert at 2:30 P. M.

## GRAND THEATER,

3rd St., Just North of Grand Ave.

## REFINED VAUDEVILLE

The Best Show in the City.  
6-VAUDEVILLE ACTS-6

Don't fail to bring the Children.  
Admission 10 Cents. Including Seat.

## Waukesha Beach.

Opens TO-DAY, May 20th

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL GAME  
Sunday, May 21st.

THOS. M. TOLL, Exec. Agent,  
114 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee.

FRANK HEIN'S  
PICNIC GROVE AND DANCE HALL,  
29th and Lincoln Avenues.

For dates apply at 1108 Lincoln Avenue.  
Phone Blue 8108.

Saloon and Hotel. Fine Picnic Ground.  
Phone Blue 8320.

**NATIONAL GROVE**  
CHAS. WAHL, Prop.,  
87th and National Aves., Milwaukee, Wis.  
S. O. P. BRANCHES TAKE NOTICE: Have many dates open for the summer.

**Blue Mound Garden**  
Large Park, Dance Hall and  
Two Bowling Alleys.  
Special Opportunity for Picnics.  
**WM. ZASTROW**,  
Blue Mound and Harley Road, S. F. D. No. 13,  
WALWATOSA, WIS.

GOOD ADVICE.  
Purchase a House Safe of Hibbard & Richardson Co. and have your "Safety Deposit Box" at home.

## THE THEATER.

## ALHAMBRA THEATER.

The Castleton Opera Company in the "Black Hussar" opens at the Alhambra on Sunday evening, May 21st, with a strong company. Miss Claire, the Prima Donna, is the young lady who caused Lillian Russell so much worry in Boston about four years ago, because of her beauty and clever acting. Miss Russell's jealousy led her to issue orders that no flowers should be received by



ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Miss Claire, but the students of Columbia University ordered a car-load, and the largest store window in the city was secured and the flowers displayed there with a card of explanation. Miss Russell then retired Miss Claire on full salary until her contract expired.

## BIJOU THEATER.

"An Aristocratic Tramp," Kilroy and Britton's new metropolitan comedy drama success to be seen at the Bijou tomorrow afternoon and all the week, promises as one of the features, an automobile race ending in an apparently terrible and death dealing explosion, is said to be by far the most sensational



"AN ARISTOCRATIC TRAMP" AT THE BIJOU.

effect yet produced by stage mechanism. The play contains plenty of pathos and enough broad comedy for a laugh every minute.

"The Moonshiner's Daughter" will be the attraction at the Bijou May 28th.

## STAR THEATRE.

With a plot that abounds in humorous incidents and mistaken identities, interpolated by comedians that are funny and a chorus which is a setting for the whole of the feminine charms and exquisite gowns, The New York Star will be the attraction at the Star, Sunday, May 21, for this week.

## GRAND THEATER.

The Great Durballex are announced as the leading attraction at the Grand Theater (Third street, north of Grand avenue) for next week and thus Milwaukee theatergoers will have a chance to witness this unique attraction. There are five other entertaining acts on the bill and the ever wonderful motion pictures. Matinees daily and two on Sunday.

## Social-Democratic Notes.

The 12th Ward Branch has changed its date in behalf of a basket picnic from July 2nd to July 23rd.

The 5th and 8th ward branches S. D. P. will hold a joint basket picnic at National Grove, 57th and National aves., Sunday, July 23rd.

Open air meetings will again be conducted at Grove and National avenues every Saturday evening in the near future.

A committee is now at work agitating for funds to be appropriated on the Linotype machine.

Comrade Koll is doing grand work for organizing in the Second Ward of late.

The Tenth Ward Branch is getting busy, and from now on, things will move at a rapid pace.

Here is a question for the Mayor of the Rose type to answer: Why did he advocate municipal ownership of an Electric Lighting Plant when he knew we could not get it, and why did he back down when he was convinced we could get it? Come down now and explain.

It is rumored that Mayor. Rose is already laying wires for the next spring campaign.

Well, we will take care of him. When he comes out for election next spring, he will get one of the coolest receptions ever received by a nominee.

## Carnival Tickets.

Previously reported	\$2220.22
L. Saeba	1.25
5th Ward Branch	5.25
E. Kneusel	1.50
Ernst Krause	.50
J. Beck	1.50
Jacob Schwamb	2.50
E. Jordan	1.50
Total	\$2234.22

## Campaign and Organization Fund.

L. Luell	\$2.41
Headquarters Globe	.85
11th Ward Branch	.20
21st Ward Branch, Literature	77.50
J. A. Johnson	4.04
Aug. Task	1.50
William Schwab	1.50
F. Behling	.25
Karl Voelger	1.50
G. Doherty	1.00
A. Grithmann	.20
11th Ward	2.00
Total	\$94.08

The 21st ward branch has arranged for a basket picnic to be held at Cement Mill Grove, on the Milwaukee River, above the old dam, Sunday, June 11th. Admission \$1.00 per family including refreshment.

## Social-Democratic Meetings.

Monday Evening, May 2nd.  
City Central Committee, Giljohann's Hall, 274 3rd st.

Wednesday, May 10th.  
19th Ward Branch, Eckelmann's Hall, 2800 Lisbon ave.

Thursday, May 15th.  
7th Ward Branch, Room 416 Germania Bldg.

12th Ward Branch, Hoff's Hall, 905 Kinnickinnic ave.

17th Ward Branch, Odd Fellows Hall, Potter and Kinnickinnic ave.

10th Ward Branch, 38 29th st.

Town of Greenfield Branch, Starke's Hall, 1116 Lapham st.

West Side Women's Club, 2 P. M., Peter-son's Hall, 2714 North ave.

Thursday Evening.

21st Ward Branch, Gaethke's Hall, Con-cordia and Green Bay ave.

Cudahy Branch, at Berkeley Farrel's Re-sidence, Cudahy, Wis.

South Milwaukee Branch, Odd Fellows Hall, S. Milwaukee, Wis.

South Side Women's Club, 2 P. M., Al-Jack's Hall, 6th ave. near Greenfield ave.

Friday, May 26th.

6th Ward Branch, Locke's Hall, 327 Sherman st.

8th Ward Branch, Mann's Hall, cor. Mineral st. and 4th ave.

10th Ward Branch, Wisconsin Hall, cor. 12th and Lee sts.

11th Ward Branch, C. Bulgrin's Hall, cor. 9th and Orchard st.

18th Ward Branch, 490 Craner st.

23rd Ward Branch, Bussemeister's Hall, cor. Washington and 13th ave.

Milwaukee Lodge No. 301 I. A. G. M.

All members of the above named union are requested to be present at the general meeting which will take place on Monday, May 22nd, 1905. In this meeting nominations for Grand Lodge officers will be the chief topic. As the brothers all know, this is a very important matter and all brothers are requested to be present.

O. Bochart, Secy.

## LACHENMAIER &amp; CO.



A Swell Young Fellow said to us the other day:

"My friends always ask me what Tailor makes my clothes?"

When I tell them I buy them of

**LACHENMAIER & CO.**

they seem inclined to doubt it.

Of course, it's hard to see the difference for the reason that there's no difference to see.

When it comes to prices, we save about one half of the Tailor's bill.

Suits from \$4 to \$22

**LACHENMAIER & CO.**

COR. 3rd AND STATE

Home of the Dubuque Trousers.

**TAN SHOES**

**TAN OXFORDS**

All the Latest Styles

New Toes

New Shapes

Low Prices

You will want a pair as soon as the weather gets settled. Buy now while the stock is complete.

The early purchasers get the best selections.

**Lamers Bros.**

SHOES

334 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**COUNTRY SALOONS.**

We have several good Country Saloons for sale; located 3 to 10 miles from M. W. Waukesha, with small and large acreage. Owners will consider trade for good improved Milwaukee property. Apply

**Wisconsin Farm Exchange Co.,**

Room 7, 128 West Water St., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**ELSNER'S UNION MARKET**

Dealer in

Fresh, Salted and Smoked

**MEATS**

Lard, Ham, Sausage, Etc.

Phone South 600.

300 Kinnickinnic Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

See who save five six Street Car Tickets for every \$10 worth of Meats Purchased at Elsners.

## FOURTH ANNUAL

## Monster Picnic

## Social-Democratic Party

SCHLITZ PARK, MILWAUKEE

Sunday, July 16, '05,

Addresses, Concert and Games  
Grand Ball in the Evening

Admission to all 15c

You cannot afford to miss this great event.  
Keep it in mind and make no conflicting dates.

Do you need a new  
**Lawn Mower?**

We have some excellent ones here—the light easy running kind. The Gross Lawn Mowers are the strongest, lightest and most satisfactory machines made.

The best mowers are the Matchless High Wheel Ball Bearing, which sell for \$5.00 and more, but we have some smaller ones for \$2.50

Lawn Mowers Sharpened and Repaired

"IF IT'S FROM GROSS IT'S GOOD"

**PH. GROSS HARDWARE CO.** 128-128 Grand Avenue

**Gridley's PASTEURIZED MILK**

In the reach of all

Quarts . . . . . 10c Pints . . . . . 5c

We pasteurize every drop of milk and cream, and sterilize all bottles before delivery each day.

**GRIDLEY DAIRY CO.**

"Thirty-eight Wagons."

412 Grand Avenue.  
Tel. W. 200.

**Special Offer**

The following latest improved Gas Ranges

**Detroit Jewel Chicago Jewel**  
**Eclipse New Process**

Connections Free \$12.00 to \$16.50

We also have a complete line of

Refrigerators from \$5.00 to \$25.00  
Gasoline Stoves " \$2.25 " \$10.00  
Lawn Mowers from \$2.00 to \$5.00 Garden Hose from 3c to 15c per ft. and Garden Tools, Oil Stoves, Ovens, etc.

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**MARSCHALCK & WEISS,** 1117 VUET ST.

**Treat Your Horses Well**

YOUR HORSES WILL FEEL BETTER AND LAST LONGER IF YOU FEED THEM WELL. TO FEED THEM WELL MIX IN A LITTLE

**GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD**

with their Corn or Oats at each feed. The horses relish it greatly and it increases digestive power, hence makes feed go farther and lasts longer. — Every one knows dry feed is not the natural food for horses. GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD supplies the lacking elements in horse's every day food. — Our trade on it is large and growing. For Sale by Feed Dealers generally in Milwaukee.

**A. LOEWENBACH,**  
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR,  
429 Third Street... Milwaukee, Wis.